

NEW SCHEME

Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July 2006
Electrical and Electronics Engineering
Modern Control Theory

Time: 3 hrs.]

[Max. Marks:100

Note: I. Answer any FIVE full questions.

- a. Define the concept of i) State ii) State variables iii) State space (06 Marks)
- b. A temperature control system has the block diagram given in fig.1(b). The input signal is a voltage and represents the desired temperature θ_r . Find the steady-state error of the system when θ_r is a unit step function and i) $D(s)=1$ ii) $D(s)=1+\frac{0.1}{s}$ iii) $D(s)=1+0.3s$. What is the effect of the integral term in the PI controller and the derivative term in PD controller on the steady state error? (08 Marks)

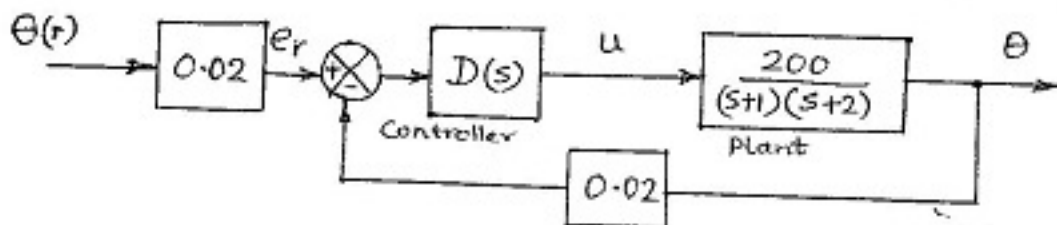


Fig.1(b)

- c. Fig.1(c) shows the block diagram of a speed control system with state variable feedback. The drive motor is an armature controlled dc motor with armature resistance R_a , armature inductance L_a , motor torque constant K_T , inertia referred to motor shaft J , viscous friction coefficient referred to the motor shaft B , back emf constant K_b , and tachometer K_t . The applied armature voltage is controlled by a three phase full-converter. e_c is control voltage, e_a is armature voltage, e_r is the reference voltage corresponding to the desired speed. Taking $X_1 = \omega$ (speed) and $X_2 = i_a$ (armature current) as the state variables, $u = e_c$ as the input, and $y = \omega$ as the output, derive a state variable model for the feedback system. (06 Marks)

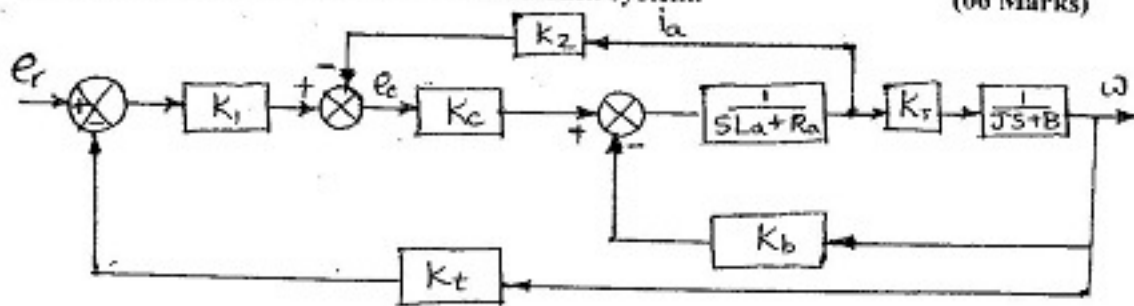


Fig.1(c)

- 2 a. For the RLC network shown in fig.2(a) write the state model in matrix notation choosing $X_1(t) = V_c(t) + R_i(t)$ and $X_2(t) = V_c(t)$ where $X_1(t)$ and $X_2(t)$ are state variables, $V_c(t)$ is output, $V(t)$ is input. (08 Marks)

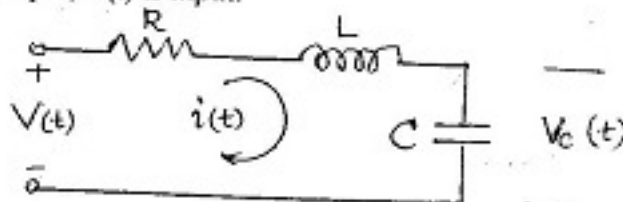


Fig.2(a)

- b. For a transfer function given by $G(s) = \frac{z}{s^2 + 3s + 2}$ write the state model in
 i) Phase variable form ii) Diagonal form. (08 Marks)
 c. Compare classical control theory against modern control theory. (04 Marks)
3. a. State the properties of transition matrix. (05 Marks)
 b. Given the system $\dot{X} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} X + \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} U$. Find the input vector $U(t)$ to give the following time response:
 $X_1(t) = 6(1 - e^{-t})$ (10 Marks)
 $X_2(t) = 3e^{-3t} - 2e^{-4t} + 6(1 - e^{-t})$
 c. The vector $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$ is an eigen vector of $A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 2 & -3 \\ 2 & 1 & -6 \\ -1 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$. Find the eigen value of A corresponding to the vector given. (05 Marks)
4. a. The following is the state space representation of a linear system whose eigen values are -3, -2, -1.
 $\dot{X} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -6 & -11 & -6 \end{bmatrix} X + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} u$ (10 Marks)
 Given that $u=0$, $X(0)=[001]^T$. Find $X(t)$
 b. Find the transition matrix $\phi(t)$ for a system whose system matrix is given by
 $A = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & -1 \\ 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ by the following techniques:
 i) Laplace transform ii) Infinite series iii) Cayley-Hamilton. (10 Marks)
5. a. Define controllability and observability. (06 Marks)
 b. Show that the characteristic equation and eigen values of a system matrix are invariant under linear transformation. (08 Marks)
 c. State the properties of Jordan matrix. (06 Marks)
6. a. What are inherent nonlinearities? Explain any three of them. (06 Marks)
 b. Sketch the following nonlinearities:
 i) ideal relay ii) relay with dead zone iii) relay with dead zone and hysteresis
 iv) relay with hysteresis v) dead zone. (04 Marks)
 c. A linear second order servo is described by the equation $\ddot{C} + 2\zeta\omega_n \dot{C} + \omega_n^2 C = 0$ where $\zeta = 0.15$, $\omega_n = 1$ rad/sec, $C(0) = 1.5$ and $\dot{C} = 0$. Determine the singular point. Construct the phase trajectory, using the method of isoclines. (10 Marks)
7. a. Consider a linear system described by the transfer function $\frac{Y(s)}{U(s)} = \frac{10}{s(s+1)(s+2)}$. Design a feedback controller with a state feedback so that closed loop poles are placed at $-2, -1 \pm j1$. (10 Marks)
 b. Consider the system described by the state model $\dot{X} = AX$; $Y = CX$ where
 $A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$; $C = [1 \ 0]$. Design a full - order state observer. The desired eigen values for the observer matrix are $\mu_1 = -5$; $\mu_2 = -5$. (10 Marks)
8. a. State and explain Liapunov theorems on i) asymptotic stability ii) global asymptotic stability iii) instability. (10 Marks)
 b. Define singular point on a phase plane. Explain different types of singular points. (10 Marks)